

## DNAJB7 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00150353-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

### Specification

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Product Description     | Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human DNAJB7 peptide using ARM Technology.   |
| Immunogen               | A synthetic peptide of human DNAJB7 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.   |
| Host                    | Rabbit   |
| Library Construction    | Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen ( <a href="#">ARM Technology</a> ).   |
| Expression              | Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.  |
| Reactivity              | Human  |
| Purification            | Protein A  |
| Isotype                 | IgG  |
| Quality Control Testing | Antibody reactive against human DNAJB7 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.  |
| Storage Buffer          | In 1x PBS, pH 7.4  |
| Storage Instruction     | Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.   |
| Deliverable             | Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.  |
| Note                    | 1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.<br>2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) <sub>2</sub> , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request. |

### Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

## Gene Info — DNAJB7

**Entrez GeneID** [150353](#)

**GeneBank Accession#** [DNAJB7](#)

**Gene Name** DNAJB7

**Gene Alias** DJ5, HSC3, MGC138340

**Gene Description** DnaJ (Hsp40) homolog, subfamily B, member 7

**Omim ID** [611336](#)

**Gene Ontology** [Hyperlink](#)

**Gene Summary** DNAJB7 belongs to the evolutionarily conserved DNAJ/HSP40 family of proteins, which regulate molecular chaperone activity by stimulating ATPase activity. DNAJ proteins may have up to 3 distinct domains: a conserved 70-amino acid J domain, usually at the N terminus; a glycine/phenylalanine (G/F)-rich region; and a cysteine-rich domain containing 4 motifs resembling a zinc finger domain (Ohtsuka and Hata, 2000 [PubMed 11147971]).[supplied by OMIM]

**Other Designations** novel DnaJ domain protein