# OR52W1 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Size

Catalog # H00120787-K

100 ug x up to 3

#### Specification **Product Description** Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human OR52W1 peptide using ARM Technology. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human OR52W1 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. Host Rabbit Library Construction Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology). Expression Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. Reactivity Human **Purification** Protein A lsotype lgG **Quality Control Testing** Antibody reactive against human OR52W1 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot. **Storage Buffer** In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 **Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Deliverable Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. Note 1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

### Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

## Gene Info — OR52W1

Entrez GenelD	<u>120787</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>OR52W1</u>
Gene Name	OR52W1
Gene Alias	OR11-71, OR52W1P
Gene Description	olfactory receptor, family 52, subfamily W, member 1
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response tha t triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptor s share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. T he olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provid ed by RefSeq
Other Designations	olfactory receptor OR11-71 olfactory receptor, family 52, subfamily W, member 1 pseudogene

### Pathway

Olfactory transduction