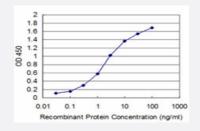


BOLL monoclonal antibody (M08), clone 5H8

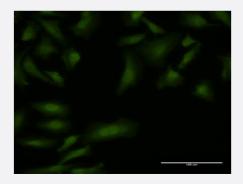
Catalog # H00066037-M08 Size 100 ug

Applications



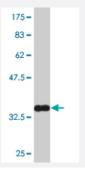
Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged BOLL is approximately 0.3ng/ml as a capture antibody.



Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to BOLL on HeLa cell . [antibody concentration 10 $\mbox{ug/ml}$]



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).

Specification

Product Description

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant BOLL.



Product Information

Immunogen	BOLL (NP_149019, 185 a.a. \sim 283 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Sequence	ATTQYLPGQWQWSVPQPSASSAPFLYLQPSEVIYQPVEIAQDGGCVPPPLSLMETSVPEPYSDH GVQATYHQVYAPSAITMPAPVMQPEPIKTVWSIHY
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (92); Rat (92)
Isotype	lgG2a Kappa
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

Protocol Download

Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged BOLL is approximately 0.3ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Protocol Download

- ELISA
- Immunofluorescence

Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to BOLL on HeLa cell . [antibody concentration 10 ug/ml]

Gene Info — BOLL	
Entrez GenelD	<u>66037</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_033030



Product Information

Protein Accession#	NP_149019
Gene Name	BOLL
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	bol, boule-like (Drosophila)
Omim ID	<u>606165</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene belongs to the DAZ gene family required for germ cell development. It encodes an RNA -binding protein which is more similar to Drosophila Boule than to human proteins encoded by ge nes DAZ (deleted in azoospermia) or DAZL (deleted in azoospermia-like). Loss of this gene funct ion results in the absence of sperm in semen (azoospermia). Histological studies demonstrated t hat the primary defect is at the meiotic G2/M transition. Two alternatively spliced transcript variant s encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	boule

Disease

- Azoospermia
- Infertility
- Oligospermia