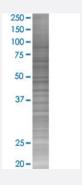


ACD 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

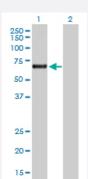
Catalog # H00065057-T02 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

ACD transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: ACD transfected lysate (57.70 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-ACD full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	57.7
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (59); Rat (61)



Product Information

Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-ACD antibody (H00065057-D01P) by West ern Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel ACD transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: ACD transfected lysate (57.70 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — ACD	
Entrez GenelD	<u>65057</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC016904.1
Protein Accession#	AAH16904.1
Gene Name	ACD
Gene Alias	PIP1, PTOP, TINT1, TPP1
Gene Description	adrenocortical dysplasia homolog (mouse)
Omim ID	609377
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a protein that is involved in telomere function. This protein is one of six core proteins in the telosome/shelterin telomeric complex, which functions to maintain telomere length and to protect telomere ends. Through its interaction with other components, this protein plays a key role in the assembly and stabilization of this complex, and it mediates the access of telomerase to the telomere. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. This gene, which is also referred to as TPP1, is distinct from the unrelated TPP1 gene on chromosome 11, which encodes tripeptidyl-peptidase I. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	POT1 and TIN2 organizing protein TIN2 interacting protein 1 adrenocortical dysplasia homolog



Disease

- Adrenal Insufficiency
- Breast Neoplasms
- Esophageal Achalasia
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Metabolism
- Neoplasm Metastasis
- Syndrome