

SLC26A6 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00065010-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human SLC26A6 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human SLC26A6 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (<u>ARM Technology</u>).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human SLC26A6 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — SLC26A6	
Entrez GenelD	<u>65010</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>SLC26A6</u>
Gene Name	SLC26A6
Gene Alias	DKFZp586E1422
Gene Description	solute carrier family 26, member 6
Omim ID	610068
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene belongs to the solute carrier 26 family, whose members encode anion transporter prote ins. This particular family member encodes a protein involved in transporting chloride, oxalate, sulf ate and bicarbonate. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene, encoding distinc t isoforms, have been described, but the full-length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	anion transporter 1 pendrin L1 pendrin-like protein 1 sulfate anion transporter

Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hypercalciuria
- Hyperparathyroidism
- Kidney Calculi
- Nephrolithiasis
- Schizophrenia