

Full-Length

SNX6 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00058533-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



| Specification | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Product Description | Human SNX6 full-length ORF (AAH01798, 1 a.a 290 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-t erminal. |
| Sequence | MTKEEFTKMKQELEAEYLAIFKKTVAMHEVFLCRVAAHPILGRDLNFHVFLEYNQDLSVRGKNKK EKLEDFFKNMVKSADGVIVSGVKDVDDFFEHERTFLLEYHNRVKDASAKSDRMTRSHKSAADDY NRIGSSLYALGTQDSTDICKFFLKVSELFDKTRKIEARVSADEDLKLSDLLKYYLRESQAAKDLLYR RSRSLVDYENANKALDKARAKNKDVLQAETSQQLCCQKFEKISESAKQELIDFKTRRVAAFRKNL VELAELELKHAKGNLQLLQNCLAVLNGDT |
| Host | Wheat Germ (in vitro) |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 57.64 |
| Interspecies Antigen Sequence | Mouse (99); Rat (99) |
| Preparation Method | in vitro wheat germ expression system |
| Purification | Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow |
| Quality Control Testing | 12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue. |
| Storage Buffer | 50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer. |



Product Information

| Storage Instruction | Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
|---------------------|--|
| Note | Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein. |

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

| Gene Info — SNX6 | |
|---------------------|---|
| Entrez GenelD | <u>58533</u> |
| GeneBank Accession# | BC001798 |
| Protein Accession# | AAH01798 |
| Gene Name | SNX6 |
| Gene Alias | MGC3157, MSTP010, TFAF2 |
| Gene Description | sorting nexin 6 |
| Omim ID | 606098 |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | This gene encodes a member of the sorting nexin family. Members of this family contain a phox (PX) domain, which is a phosphoinositide binding domain, and are involved in intracellular trafficking. This protein associates with the long isoform of the leptin receptor, the transforming growth factor-beta family of receptor serine-threonine kinases, and with receptor tyrosine kinases for platelet derived growth factor, insulin, and epidermal growth factor. This protein may form oligomeric complexes with family member proteins through interactions of both the PX domain and the coiled coil regions of the molecules. Translocation of this protein from the cytoplasm to the nucleus occurs after binding to proviral integration site 1 protein. This gene results in two transcripts encoding two distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | OTTHUMP00000178808 OTTHUMP00000178809 tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor 4(TRAF4)-associated factor 2 |