

## PAK6 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00056924-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PAK6 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PAK6 is used for rabbit immunization.  Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PAK6 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by We stern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	<ol> <li>Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.</li> <li>Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.</li> </ol>

## **Applications**

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — PAK6	
Entrez GenelD	<u>56924</u>
GeneBank Accession#	PAK6
Gene Name	PAK6
Gene Alias	PAK5
Gene Description	p21 protein (Cdc42/Rac)-activated kinase 6
Omim ID	608110
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the p21-activated kinase (PAK) family. The proteins of this family are Rac/Cdc42-associated Ste20-like Ser/Thr protein kinases, characterized by a highly conser ved amino-terminal Cdc42/Rac interactive binding (CRIB) domain and a carboxyl-terminal kinase domain. PAK kinases are implicated in the regulation of a number of cellular processes, including cytoskeleton rearrangement, apoptosis and the MAP kinase signaling pathway. The protein encoded by this gene was found to interact with androgen receptor (AR), which is a steroid hormone-dependent transcription factor that is important for male sexual differentiation and development. This gene was found to be highly expressed in testis and prostate tissues and the encoded protein was shown to cotranslocate into the nucleus with AR in response to androgen. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	p21(CDKN1A)-activated kinase 6 p21-activated kinase 6 p21-activated protein kinase 6

## Pathway

- Axon guidance
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Focal adhesion
- Regulation of actin cytoskeleton
- Renal cell carcinoma
- T cell receptor signaling pathway



## Disease

- Adenocarcinoma
- Esophageal Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Kidney Failure
- Lung Neoplasms
- Pulmonary Disease
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms
- Werner syndrome