

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find
Antibody

MMADHC DNAxPab

Catalog # H00027249-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human MMADHC DNA using DNAx™ Immune technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Full-length human DNA
Sequence	MANVLCNRARLVSYLPGFCSLVKRVVNPKAFSTAGSSGSDESHVAAAPPDICSRTVWPDETMG PFGPQDQRFQLPGNIGFDCHLNGTASQKKSLVHKTLPDVLAEPLSSERHEFVMAQYVNEFQGND APVEQEINSAETYFESARVECAIQTCPELLRKDFESLFPEVANGKLMILTVTQKTKNDMTVWSEEV EIEREVLLEKFINGAKEICYALRAEGYWADFIDPSSGLAFFGPYTNNTLFETDERYRHLGFSVDDLG CCKVIRHSLWGTHVVVGSIFTNATPD SHIMKKLSGN
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)
[Protocol Download](#)
- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — MMADHC

Entrez GeneID [27249](#)**GeneBank Accession#** [NM_015702.1](#)**Protein Accession#** [NP_056517.1](#)**Gene Name** MMADHC**Gene Alias** C2orf25, CL25022**Gene Description** methylmalonic aciduria (cobalamin deficiency) cbID type, with homocystinuria**Gene Ontology** [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene encodes a mitochondrial protein that is involved in an early step of vitamin B12 metabolism. Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is essential for normal development and survival in humans. Mutations in this gene cause methylmalonic aciduria and homocystinuria type cbID (MMADHC), a disorder of cobalamin metabolism that is characterized by decreased levels of the coenzymes adenosylcobalamin and methylcobalamin. Pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 11 and X

Other Designations protein C2orf25, mitochondrial

Disease

- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)