MRPL46 mouse monoclonal antibody (hybridoma)

Catalog # H00026589-M

Size Up to 5 Clones

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full-length recombinant MRPL46.
Immunogen	MRPL46 (NP_071446.2, 1 a.a. ~ 279 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the G ST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Sequence	MAAPVRRTLLGVAGGWRRFERLWAGSLSSRSLALAAAPSSNGSPWRLLGALCLQRPPVVSKPL TPLQEEMASLLQQIEIERSLYSDHELRALDENQRLAKKKADLHDEEDEQDILLAQDLEDMWEQKF LQFKLGARITEADEKNDRTSLNRKLDRNLVLLVREKFGDQDVWILPQAEWQPGETLRGTAERTLA TLSENNMEAKFLGNAPCGHYTFKFPQAMRTESNLGAKVFFFKALLLTGDFSQAGNKGHHVWVTK DELGDYLKPKYLAQVRRFVSDL
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (80); Rat (81)
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactivity and specificity confirmed by ELISA and Western Blot.
Deliverables	Up to 5 positive hybridoma clones will be delivered to customer in the cryotube format.
Note	Customer should check the viability of the hybridomas within one month from the date of receipt. Fee -for-service of long term hybridoma storage can be performed upon customer's request.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — MRPL46	
Entrez GenelD	<u>26589</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_022163.2</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_071446.2</u>
Gene Name	MRPL46
Gene Alias	C15orf4, LIECG2, MGC22762, P2ECSL
Gene Description	mitochondrial ribosomal protein L46
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein s ynthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28 S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition co mpared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mam malian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among diff erent species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometim es in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

Disease

• Tobacco Use Disorder