

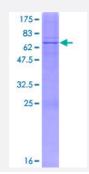
Full-Length

B4GALT7 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00011285-P01 Size

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human B4GALT7 full-length ORF (NP_009186.1, 1 a.a 327 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-ta g at N-terminal.
Sequence	MFPSRRKAAQLPWEDGRSGLLSGGLPRKCSVFHLFVACLSLGFFSLLWLQLSCSGDVARAVRG QGQETSGPPRACPPEPPPEHWEEDASWGPHRLAVLVPFRERFEELLVFVPHMRRFLSRKKIRH HIYVLNQVDHFRFNRAALINVGFLESSNSTDYIAMHDVDLLPLNEELDYGFPEAGPFHVASPELHP LYHYKTYVGGILLLSKQHYRLCNGMSNRFWGWGREDDEFYRRIKGAGLQLFRPSGITTGYKTFRHL HDPAWRKRDQKRIAAQKQEQFKVDREGGLNTVKYHVASRTALSVGGAPCTVLNIMLDCDKTATP WCTFS
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	63.8
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (92); Rat (92)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.

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Product Information

Storage Instruction

Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Note

Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — B4GALT7

Entrez GenelD	<u>11285</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_007255.1</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_009186.1</u>
Gene Name	B4GALT7
Gene Alias	B4GAL-T7, XGALT-1, XGALT1, XGPT1, beta4Gal-T7
Gene Description	xylosylprotein beta 1,4-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 7 (galactosyltransferase I)
Omim ID	<u>130070 604327</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink



Product Information

Gene Summary

This gene is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GaIT) genes. They encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate U DP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: GlcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GaIT has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates an d saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signa I sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to fun ction as a transmembrane anchor. By sequence similarity, the beta4GaITs form four groups: beta 4GaIT1 and beta4GaIT2, beta4GaIT3 and beta4GaIT4, beta4GaIT5 and beta4GaIT6, and beta4G aIT7. The enzyme encoded by this gene attaches the first galactose in the common carbohydrate-protein (GlcA-beta1,3-GaI-beta1,3-GaI-beta1,4-XyI-beta1-O-Ser) linkage found in proteoglycans. Manganese is required as a cofactor. This enzyme differs from the other six beta4GaIT5 because it lacks the conserved beta4GaIT1-beta4GaIT6 Cys residues and it is located in cis-Golgi instead of trans-Golgi. Two single-nucleotide mutations were identified from a patient with the progeroid ty pe of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 7|galactosyltransferase 1 (xylosylprotein 4-beta-galactosyltransfer ase)|xylosylprotein beta 1,4-galactosyltransferase 7

Pathway

- <u>Chondroitin sulfate biosynthesis</u>
- Heparan sulfate biosynthesis
- Metabolic pathways