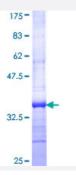


SLC27A5 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00010998-Q01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human SLC27A5 partial ORF (NP_036386, 90 a.a 175 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	DVIFLAKILHLGLKIRGCLSRQPPDTFVDAFERRARAQPGRALLVWTGPGAGSVTFGELDARACQ AAWALKAELGDPASLCAGEPT
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	35.2
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (71); Rat (71)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.



Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — SLC27A5	
Entrez GeneID	<u>10998</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_012254
Protein Accession#	NP_036386
Gene Name	SLC27A5
Gene Alias	ACSB, ACSVL6, FACVL3, FATP5, FLJ22987, VLACSR, VLCS-H2, VLCSH2
Gene Description	solute carrier family 27 (fatty acid transporter), member 5
Omim ID	603314
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is an isozyme of very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase (VLCS). It is capable of activating very long-chain fatty-acids containing 24- and 26-carbons. It is expressed in liver and associated with endoplasmic reticulum but not with peroxisomes. Its primary role is in f atty acid elongation or complex lipid synthesis rather than in degradation. This gene has a mouse ortholog. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	fatty-acid-Coenzyme A ligase, very long-chain 3 very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase homolog 2 very long-chain acyl-CoA synthetase-related protein

Pathway

- Metabolic pathways
- PPAR signaling pathway
- Primary bile acid biosynthesis



Disease

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease