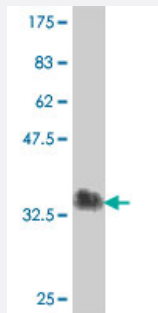


CLEC4M polyclonal antibody (A01)

Catalog # H00010332-A01

Size 50 uL

Applications



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (38.21 KDa) .

Specification

Product Description	Mouse polyclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant CLEC4M.
Immunogen	CLEC4M (NP_055072, 285 a.a. ~ 394 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag.
Sequence	SQRNWHDSVTACQEVRAQLVVIKTAEEQNFLQLQTSRSNRFSSWMGLSDLNQEGTWQWVDGSP LSPSFQRYWNSGEPNNSGNEDCAEFSGSGWNDNRCDVDNYWICKKPAA
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (60); Rat (61)
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (38.21 KDa) .
Storage Buffer	50 % glycerol
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — CLEC4M

Entrez GeneID [10332](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_014257](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_055072](#)

Gene Name CLEC4M

Gene Alias CD209L, CD299, DC-SIGN2, DC-SIGNR, DCSIGNR, HP10347, L-SIGN, LSIGN, MGC129964, MGC47866

Gene Description C-type lectin domain family 4, member M

Omim ID [605872](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

This gene encodes a transmembrane receptor and is often referred to as L-SIGN because of its expression in the endothelial cells of the lymph nodes and liver. The encoded protein is involved in the innate immune system and recognizes numerous evolutionarily divergent pathogens ranging from parasites to viruses, with a large impact on public health. The protein is organized into three distinct domains: an N-terminal transmembrane domain, a tandem-repeat neck domain and C-type lectin carbohydrate recognition domain. The extracellular region consisting of the C-type lectin and neck domains has a dual function as a pathogen recognition receptor and a cell adhesion receptor by binding carbohydrate ligands on the surface of microbes and endogenous cells. The neck region is important for homo-oligomerization which allows the receptor to bind multivalent ligands with high avidity. Variations in the number of 23 amino acid repeats in the neck domain of this protein are common and have a significant impact on ligand binding ability. This gene is closely related in terms of both sequence and function to a neighboring gene (GeneID 30835; often referred to as DC-SIGN or CD209). DC-SIGN and L-SIGN differ in their ligand-binding properties and distribution. Alternative splicing results in multiple variants

Other Designations

CD209 antigen-like|CD299 antigen|dendritic cell-specific ICAM-3-grabbing nonintegrin 2|liver/lymph node-specific ICAM-3 grabbing non-integrin|mannose binding C-type lectin DC-SIGNR

Disease

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- [Hepatitis C](#)
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- [HIV Seropositivity](#)
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