

PSME3 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00010197-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PSME3 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PSME3 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PSME3 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — PSME3

Entrez GeneID [10197](#)

GeneBank Accession# [PSME3](#)

Gene Name PSME3

Gene Alias Ki, PA28-gamma, PA28G, REG-GAMMA

Gene Description proteasome (prosome, macropain) activator subunit 3 (PA28 gamma; Ki)

Omim ID [605129](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. The immunoproteasome contains an alternate regulator, referred to as the 11S regulator or PA28, that replaces the 19S regulator. Three subunits (alpha, beta and gamma) of the 11S regulator have been identified. This gene encodes the gamma subunit of the 11S regulator. Six gamma subunits combine to form a homohexameric ring. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations 11S regulator complex gamma subunit|Ki antigen|Ki nuclear autoantigen|activator of multicatalytic protease subunit 3|proteasome activator 28-gamma|proteasome activator subunit 3

Pathway

- [Antigen processing and presentation](#)
- [Proteasome](#)