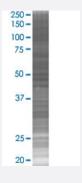


GPR56 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

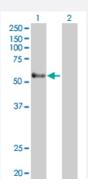
Catalog # H00009289-T02 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

GPR56 transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: GPR56 transfected lysate (77.70 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-GPR56 full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	77.7
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (78); Rat (78)



Product Information

Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-GPR56 antibody (H00009289-D01P) by W estern Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel GPR56 transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: GPR56 transfected lysate (77.70 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — GPR56	
Entrez GenelD	9289
GeneBank Accession#	BC008770
Protein Accession#	AAH08770.1
Gene Name	GPR56
Gene Alias	BFPP, DKFZp781L1398, TM7LN4, TM7XN1
Gene Description	G protein-coupled receptor 56
Omim ID	<u>604110</u> <u>606854</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. The protein contains 7 tra nsmembrane domains and a mucin-like domain in the N-terminal region. The gene is implicated in the regulation of brain cortical patterning. The protein binds specifically to transglutaminase 2 in the extracellular space. Expression of this gene is downregulated in melanoma cell lines, and over expression of this gene can suppress tumor growth and metastasis. Mutations in this gene result in bilateral frontoparietal polymicrogyria. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	EGF-TM7-like seven transmembrane helix receptor



Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- <u>Hyperparathyroidism</u>