SLC25A14 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00009016-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification **Product Description** Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human SLC25A14 peptide using ARM Technology. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human SLC25A14 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. Host Rabbit Library Construction Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology). Expression Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. Reactivity Human **Purification** Protein A lsotype lgG **Quality Control Testing** Antibody reactive against human SLC25A14 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate b y Western Blot. **Storage Buffer** In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 **Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Deliverable Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. Note 1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — SLC25A14	
Entrez GenelD	<u>9016</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>SLC25A14</u>
Gene Name	SLC25A14
Gene Alias	BMCP1, MGC149543, UCP5
Gene Description	solute carrier family 25 (mitochondrial carrier, brain), member 14
Omim ID	300242
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Mitochondrial uncoupling proteins (UCP) are members of the larger family of mitochondrial anion carrier proteins (MACP). UCPs separate oxidative phosphorylation from ATP synthesis with ener gy dissipated as heat, also referred to as the mitochondrial proton leak. UCPs facilitate the transf er of anions from the inner to the outer mitochondrial membrane and the return transfer of protons from the outer to the inner mitochondrial membrane. They also reduce the mitochondrial membran e potential in mammalian cells. Tissue specificity occurs for the different UCPs and the exact met hods of how UCPs transfer H+/OH- are not known. UCPs contain the three homologous protein d omains of MACPs. This gene is widely expressed in many tissues with the greatest abundance in brain and testis. The gene product has an N-terminal hydrophobic domain that is not present in ot her UCPs. Two splice variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000024012 OTTHUMP00000024013 brain mitochondrial carrier protein 1 mitochon drial uncoupling protein 5 solute carrier family 25, member 14

Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Schizophrenia