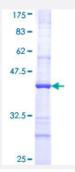


## B3GALT2 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00008707-Q01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

## **Applications**



Specification	
Product Description	Human B3GALT2 partial ORF ( NP_003774, 324 a.a 422 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	AEKIFKVSLGIRRLHLEDVYVGICLAKLRIDPVPPPNEFVFNHWRVSYSSCKYSHLITSHQFQPSELI KYWNHLQQNKHNACANAAKEKAGRYRHRKLH
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	36.63
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (99); Rat (98)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.



## Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — B3GALT2	
Entrez GenelD	8707
GeneBank Accession#	NM_003783
Protein Accession#	NP_003774
Gene Name	B3GALT2
Gene Alias	BETA3GALT2, GLCT2, beta3Gal-T2
Gene Description	UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2
Omim ID	603018
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene is a member of the beta-1,3-galactosyltransferase (beta3GalT) gene family. This family encodes type II membrane-bound glycoproteins with diverse enzymatic functions using different d onor substrates (UDP-galactose and UDP-N-acetylglucosamine) and different acceptor sugars (N-acetylglucosamine, galactose, N-acetylgalactosamine). The beta3GalT genes are distantly related to the Drosophila Brainiac gene and have the protein coding sequence contained in a single exon. The beta3GalT proteins also contain conserved sequences not found in the beta4GalT or alpha3GalT proteins. The carbohydrate chains synthesized by these enzymes are designated as type 1, whereas beta4GalT enzymes synthesize type 2 carbohydrate chains. The ratio of type 1:type 2 chains changes during embryogenesis. By sequence similarity, the beta3GalT genes fall into at least two groups: beta3GalT4 and 4 other beta3GalT genes (beta3GalT1-3, beta3GalT5). This gene encodes a protein that functions in N-linked glycoprotein glycosylation and shows strict donor substrate specificity for UDP-galactose. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000033797 UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase 2 beta-3-galt2

## Pathway



- Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis lacto and neolacto series
- Metabolic pathways