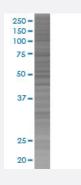


B3GALNT1 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

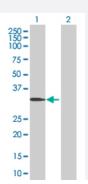
Catalog # H00008706-T01 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

B3GALT3 transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: B3GALT3 transfected lysate (39.5 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Transfected Cell Line 293T Plasmid pCMV-B3GALNT1 full-length Host Human Theoretical MW (kDa) 39.5



Product Information

Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-B3GALNT1 antibody (H00008706-B01) by Western Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel B3GALT3 transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: B3GALT3 transfected lysate (39.5 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — B3GALNT1	
Entrez GeneID	<u>8706</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC028571.1
Protein Accession#	=
Gene Name	B3GALNT1
Gene Alias	B3GALT3, GLCT3, GLOB, Gb4Cer, P, P1, beta3Gal-T3, galT3
Gene Description	beta-1,3-N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 1 (globoside blood group)
Omim ID	<u>111400</u> <u>603094</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>



Product Information

Gene Summary

This gene is a member of the beta-1,3-galactosyltransferase (beta3GalT) gene family. This family encodes type II membrane-bound glycoproteins with diverse enzymatic functions using different d onor substrates (UDP-galactose and UDP-N-acetylglucosamine) and different acceptor sugars (N-acetylglucosamine, galactose, N-acetylgalactosamine). The beta3GalT genes are distantly relat ed to the Drosophila Brainiac gene and have the protein coding sequence contained in a single e xon. The beta3GalT proteins also contain conserved sequences not found in the beta4GalT or alp ha3GalT proteins. The carbohydrate chains synthesized by these enzymes are designated as typ e 1, whereas beta4GalT enzymes synthesize type 2 carbohydrate chains. The ratio of type 1:type 2 chains changes during embryogenesis. By sequence similarity, the beta3GalT genes fall into at least two groups: beta3GalT4 and 4 other beta3GalT genes (beta3GalT1-3, beta3GalT5). The en coded protein of this gene does not use N-acetylglucosamine as an acceptor sugar at all. Multiple transcript variants that are alternatively spliced in the 5' UTR have been described; they all encode the same protein. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations

P antigen synthase|P blood group globoside|UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferas e 1|UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 3 (Globoside blood group)|UDP-GalNAc:betaGlcNAc beta-1,3-galactosaminyltransferase, polypeptide 1

Pathway

- Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis globo series
- Metabolic pathways