

## B3GALT4 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00008705-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human B3GALT4 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human B3GALT4 is used for rabbit immunization.  Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen ( <u>ARM Technology</u> ).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human B3GALT4 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	<ol> <li>Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.</li> <li>Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.</li> </ol>

## **Applications**

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — B3GALT4	
Entrez GenelD	<u>8705</u>
GeneBank Accession#	B3GALT4
Gene Name	B3GALT4
Gene Alias	DJ1033B10.3, Gal-T2, GalT4, beta3GALT4, beta3Gal-T4
Gene Description	UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 4
Omim ID	<u>603095</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene is a member of the beta-1,3-galactosyltransferase (beta3GalT) gene family. This family encodes type II membrane-bound glycoproteins with diverse enzymatic functions using different d onor substrates (UDP-galactose and UDP-N-acetylglucosamine) and different acceptor sugars (N-acetylglucosamine, galactose, N-acetylgalactosamine). The beta3GalT genes are distantly related to the Drosophila Brainiac gene and have the protein coding sequence contained in a single exon. The beta3GalT proteins also contain conserved sequences not found in the beta4GalT or alpha3GalT proteins. The carbohydrate chains synthesized by these enzymes are designated as type 1, whereas beta4GalT enzymes synthesize type 2 carbohydrate chains. The ratio of type 1:type 2 chains changes during embryogenesis. By sequence similarity, the beta3GalT genes fall into at least two groups: beta3GalT4 and 4 other beta3GalT genes (beta3GalT1-3, beta3GalT5). This gene is oriented telomere to centromere in close proximity to the ribosomal protein S18 gene. The functionality of the encoded protein is limited to ganglioseries glycolipid biosynthesis. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000029128 UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase 4 beta-3-galactosyltransferase 4

## Pathway

- Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis ganglio series
- Metabolic pathways

## Disease

Genetic Predisposition to Disease



• Lupus Erythematosus