B4GALT3 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00008703-K Size

100 ug x up to 3

Specification **Product Description** Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human B4GALT3 peptide using ARM Technology. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human B4GALT3 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. Host Rabbit Library Construction Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology). Expression Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. Reactivity Human **Purification** Protein A lsotype lgG **Quality Control Testing** Antibody reactive against human B4GALT3 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot. **Storage Buffer** In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 **Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Deliverable Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. Note 1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — B4GALT3	
Entrez GenelD	<u>8703</u>
GeneBank Accession#	B4GALT3
Gene Name	B4GALT3
Gene Alias	beta4Gal-T3
Gene Description	UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4- galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 3
Omim ID	<u>604014</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene is one of seven beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase (beta4GaIT) genes. They encode type II membrane-bound glycoproteins that appear to have exclusive specificity for the donor substrate U DP-galactose; all transfer galactose in a beta1,4 linkage to similar acceptor sugars: GlcNAc, Glc, and Xyl. Each beta4GaIT has a distinct function in the biosynthesis of different glycoconjugates an d saccharide structures. As type II membrane proteins, they have an N-terminal hydrophobic signa I sequence that directs the protein to the Golgi apparatus and which then remains uncleaved to fun ction as a transmembrane anchor. By sequence similarity, the beta4GaITs form four groups: beta 4GaIT1 and beta4GaIT2, beta4GaIT3 and beta4GaIT4, beta4GaIT5 and beta4GaIT6, and beta4G aIT7. This gene encodes an enzyme that may be mainly involved in the synthesis of the first N-acet yllactosamine unit of poly-N-acetyllactosamine chains. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000032247 OTTHUMP00000032248 UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4- galactosyltra nsferase 3 UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,4-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 3 beta-N-acetylgluc osaminyl-glycolipid beta-1,4-galactosyltransferase 3

Pathway

- Glycosphingolipid biosynthesis lacto and neolacto series
- Keratan sulfate biosynthesis
- <u>Metabolic pathways</u>
- N-Glycan biosynthesis