

AKR1C3 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00008644-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human AKR1C3 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human AKR1C3 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human AKR1C3 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — AKR1C3

Entrez GeneID	8644
GeneBank Accession#	AKR1C3
Gene Name	AKR1C3
Gene Alias	DD3, DDX, HA1753, HAKRB, HAKRe, HSD17B5, KIAA0119, hluPGFS
Gene Description	aldo-keto reductase family 1, member C3 (3-alpha hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase, type II)
Omim ID	603966
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. These enzymes catalyze the conversion of aldehydes and ketones to their corresponding alcohols by utilizing NADH and/or NADPH as cofactors. The enzymes display overlapping but distinct substrate specificity. This enzyme catalyzes the reduction of prostaglandin (PG) D2, PGH2 and phenanthrenequinone (PQ), and the oxidation of 9alpha,11beta-PGF2 to PGD2. It may play an important role in the pathogenesis of allergic diseases such as asthma, and may also have a role in controlling cell growth and/or differentiation. This gene shares high sequence identity with three other gene members and is clustered with those three genes at chromosome 10p15-p14. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000018996 aldo-keto reductase family 1, member C3 chlordecone reductase dihydrodiol dehydrogenase 3 dihydrodiol dehydrogenase X hydroxysteroid (17-beta) dehydrogenase 5 prostaglandin F synthase trans-1,2-dihydrobenzene-1,2-diol dehydrogenase type

Pathway

- [Arachidonic acid metabolism](#)
- [Metabolism of xenobiotics by cytochrome P450](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)

- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hyperandrogenism](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)