

Full-Length

HIST1H2AI (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00008329-P01 Size 50 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Human HIST1H2AI full-length ORF (ADR82801.1, 1 a.a 130 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-ta g at N-terminal.
Sequence	MSGRGKQGGKARAKAKTRSSRAGLQFPVGRVHRLLRKGNYAERVGAGAPVYLAAVLEYLTAEIL ELAGNAARDNKKTRIIPRHLQLAIRNDEELNKLLGKVTIAQGGVLPNIQAVLLPKKTESHHKAKGK
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	14.3
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array



Gene Info — HIST1H2AI	
Entrez GeneID	8329
GeneBank Accession#	HQ258047.1
Protein Accession#	ADR82801.1
Gene Name	HIST1H2AI
Gene Alias	FLJ92027, H2A/c, H2AFC
Gene Description	histone cluster 1, H2ai
Omim ID	602787
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chro mosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, an d H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and f unctions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and e ncodes a member of the histone H2A family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instea d contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	H2A histone family, member C OTTHUMP00000016183 histone 1, H2ai

Pathway

• Systemic lupus erythematosus