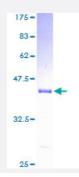


Full-Length

UQCRB (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00007381-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human UQCRB full-length ORF (AAH05230, 1 a.a 111 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MAGKQAVSASGKWLDGIRKWYYNAAGFNKLGLMRDDTIYEDEDVKEAIRRLPENLYNDRMFRIKR ALDLNLKHQILPKEQWTKYEEENFYLEPYLKEVIRERKEREEWAKK
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	37.95
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (87)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Copyright © 2023 Abnova Corporation. All Rights Reserved.



Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — UQCRB	
Entrez GenelD	<u>7381</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>BC005230</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>AAH05230</u>
Gene Name	UQCRB
Gene Alias	FLJ92016, FLJ97033, QCR7, QP-C, QPC, UQBC, UQBP, UQPC
Gene Description	ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase binding protein
Omim ID	<u>124000 191330</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a protein which is part of the ubiquinol-cytochrome c oxidoreductase complex which contains ten nuclear-encoded and one mitochondrial-encoded subunits. The encoded prote in binds ubiquinone and participates in the transfer of electrons when ubiquinone is bound. Mutati ons in this gene are associated with mitochondrial complex III deficiency. A pseudogene has bee n described on the X chromosome. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	complex III subunit 7 complex III subunit VII ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase complex 14 kDa prot ein ubiquinone-binding protein

Pathway

- Cardiac muscle contraction
- <u>Metabolic pathways</u>



• Oxidative phosphorylation

Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Prostatic Neoplasms