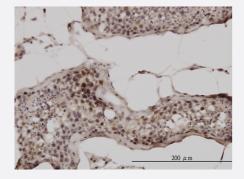


UBB monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 1F5

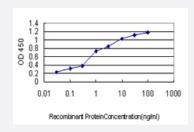
Catalog # H00007314-M01 Size 100 ug

Applications



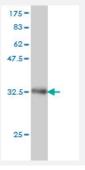
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections)

Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to UBB on formalin-fixed paraffinembedded human testis. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]



Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged UBB is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (34.1 KDa).

Specification

Product Description

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant UBB.



Product Information

Immunogen	UBB (AAH09301, 1 a.a. \sim 76 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alon e is 26 KDa.
Sequence	MQIFVKTLTGKTITLEVEPSDTIENVKAKIQDKEGIPPDQQRLIFAGKQLEDGRTLSDYNIQKESTLHL VLRLRGG
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Isotype	lgG2a Kappa
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (34.1 KDa).
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

Protocol Download

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Immunoperoxidase of monoclonal antibody to UBB on formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded human testis. [antibody concentration 3 ug/ml]

Protocol Download

Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged UBB is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Protocol Download

ELISA

Gene Info — UBB		
Entrez GeneID	<u>7314</u>	
GeneRank Accession#	BC009301	



Product Information

Protein Accession#	<u>AAH09301</u>
Gene Name	UBB
Gene Alias	FLJ25987, MGC8385
Gene Description	ubiquitin B
Omim ID	<u>191339</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes ubiquitin, one of the most conserved proteins known. Ubiquitin is required for ATP-dependent, nonlysosomal intracellular protein degradation of abnormal proteins and normal proteins with a rapid turnover. Ubiquitin is covalently bound to proteins to be degraded, and presu mably labels these proteins for degradation. Ubiquitin also binds to histone H2A in actively transcr ibed regions but does not cause histone H2A degradation, suggesting that ubiquitin is also involved in regulation of gene expression. This gene consists of three direct repeats of the ubiquitin coding sequence with no spacer sequence. Consequently, the protein is expressed as a polyubiquitin precursor with a final amino acid after the last repeat. Aberrant form of this protein has been noticed in patients with Alzheimer's and Down syndrome. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000064960 OTTHUMP0000064961 polyubiquitin B