

CCL17 monoclonal antibody (M07), clone 2E7

Catalog # H00006361-M07 Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (7.8 KDa).

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full-length recombinant CCL17.
Immunogen	CCL17 (NP_002978.1, 24 a.a. ~ 94 a.a) full-length recombinant protein.
Sequence	ARGTNVGRECCLEYFKGAIPLRKLKTWYQTSEDCSRDAIVFVTVQGRAICSDPNNKRVKNAVKYL QSLERS
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (67); Rat (67)
Isotype	lgG2b Kappa
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (7.8 KDa).
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



Applications

Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

Protocol Download

ELISA

Gene Info — CCL17	
Entrez GenelD	<u>6361</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_002987.2
Protein Accession#	NP_002978.1
Gene Name	CCL17
Gene Alias	A-152E5.3, ABCD-2, MGC138271, MGC138273, SCYA17, TARC
Gene Description	chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 17
Omim ID	601520
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene is one of several Cys-Cys (CC) cytokine genes clustered on the q arm of chromosome 16. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The CC cytokines are proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. The cytokine encoded by this gene displays chemotactic activity for T lymphocytes, but not monocytes or granulo cytes. The product of this gene binds to chemokine receptors CCR4 and CCR8. This chemokine plays important roles in T cell development in thymus as well as in trafficking and activation of mat ure T cells. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000164673 T cell-directed CC chemokine small inducible cytokine A17 small inducible cytokine subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 17 thymus and activation-regulated chemokine

Pathway

- Chemokine signaling pathway
- Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction



Disease

- Asthma
- Bronchiolitis
- Dermatitis
- Eosinophilia
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Infant
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections