

DNAxPAb

Hard-to-Find
Antibody

CCL11 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00006356-W01P

Size 200 ug

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human CCL11 DNA using DNAx™ Immune technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Full-length human DNA
Sequence	MKVSAALLWLLIAAAFSPQGLAGPASVPTTCCFNLNRKIPLQRLESYRRITSGKCPQKAVIFKTK LAKDICADPKKKWVQDSMKYLDQKSPTPKP
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — CCL11

Entrez GeneID [6356](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_002986.2](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_002977.1](#)

Gene Name CCL11

Gene Alias MGC22554, SCYA11

Gene Description chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 11

Omim ID [600807](#) [601156](#) [609423](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene is one of several Cys-Cys (CC) cytokine genes clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The CC cytokines are proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. The cytokine encoded by this gene displays chemotactic activity for eosinophils, but not mononuclear cells or neutrophils. This eosinophil specific chemokine assumed to be involved in eosinophilic inflammatory diseases such as atopic dermatitis, allergic rhinitis, asthma and parasitic infections. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations eosinophil chemotactic protein|eotaxin|small inducible cytokine A11|small inducible cytokine subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 11 (eotaxin)

Pathway

- [Asthma](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)

Disease

- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)

- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Bronchial Hyperreactivity](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Infarction](#)
- [Chlamydia Infections](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Dermatitis](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Encephalomyelitis](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioblastoma](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hypersensitivity](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)

- [Intracranial Thrombosis](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Renal Insufficiency](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Trachoma](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)