

SCT rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00006343-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human SCT peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human SCT is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (<u>ARM Technology</u>).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human SCT peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by West ern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — SCT	
Entrez GeneID	<u>6343</u>
GeneBank Accession#	SCT
Gene Name	SCT
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	secretin
Omim ID	<u>182099</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Secretin belongs to the glucagon family. This protein is an endocrine hormone and its major site of production is the endocrine S cells located in the proximal small intestinal mucosa. The release of active secretin is stimulated by either fatty acids or an acidic pH in the duodenum. This hormon e stimulates the secretion of bicarbonate-rich pancreatic fluids and has also been shown to regula te the growth and development of the stomach, small intestine, and pancreas. Secretin deficiency has been implicated in autistic syndrome, suggesting that the hormone could have a neuroendocrine function in addition to its role in digestion. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

Pathway

Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction