## RPLP1 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00006176-K

Specification

Size 100 ug x up to 3

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Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human RPLP1 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human RPLP1 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human RPLP1 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	<ol> <li>Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening.</li> <li>Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)<sub>2</sub>, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.</li> </ol>

## Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — RPLP1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>6176</u>
GeneBank Accession#	RPLP1
Gene Name	RPLP1
Gene Alias	FLJ27448, MGC5215, P1, RPP1
Gene Description	ribosomal protein, large, P1
Omim ID	<u>180520</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Ribosomes, the organelles that catalyze protein synthesis, consist of a small 40S subunit and a la rge 60S subunit. Together these subunits are composed of 4 RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. This gene encodes a ribosomal phosphoprotein that is a component of the 60S subunit. The protein, which is a functional equivalent of the E. coli L7/L12 ribosomal pr otein, belongs to the L12P family of ribosomal proteins. It plays an important role in the elongation step of protein synthesis. Unlike most ribosomal proteins, which are basic, the encoded protein is acidic. Its C-terminal end is nearly identical to the C-terminal ends of the ribosomal phosphoprotei ns P0 and P2. The P1 protein can interact with P0 and P2 to form a pentameric complex consisting of P1 and P2 dimers, and a P0 monomer. The protein is located in the cytoplasm. Two alternat ively spliced transcript variants that encode different proteins have been observed. As is typical for r genes encoding ribosomal proteins, there are multiple processed pseudogenes of this gene dis persed through the genome. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	60S acidic ribosomal protein P1 acidic ribosomal phosphoprotein P1 ribosomal protein P1

## Pathway

• <u>Ribosome</u>