

RFC2 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00005982-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human RFC2 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human RFC2 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human RFC2 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by We stern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — RFC2	
Entrez GenelD	5982
GeneBank Accession#	RFC2
Gene Name	RFC2
Gene Alias	A1, MGC3665, RFC40
Gene Description	replication factor C (activator 1) 2, 40kDa
Omim ID	600404
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The elongation of primed DNA templates by DNA polymerase delta and epsilon requires the action of the accessory proteins, proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA) and replication factor C (RFC). RFC, also called activator 1, is a protein complex consisting of five distinct subunits of 145, 40, 38, 37, and 36.5 kD. This gene encodes the 40 kD subunit, which has been shown to be responsible for binding ATP. Deletion of this gene has been associated with Williams syndrome. Alter natively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	activator 1 replication factor C 2

Pathway

- DNA replication
- Mismatch repair
- Nucleotide excision repair

Disease

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Graft vs Host Disease
- Multiple Sclerosis



• Urinary Bladder Neoplasms