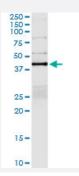
PTPN2 (Human) IP-WB Antibody Pair

Catalog # H00005771-PW2 Size 1 Set

Applications



Immunoprecipitation of PTPN2 transfected lysate using rabbit polyclonal anti-PTPN2 and Protein A Magnetic Bead (<u>U0007</u>), and immunoblotted with mouse purified polyclonal anti-PTPN2.

Specification	
Product Description	This IP-WB antibody pair set comes with one antibody for immunoprecipitation and another to detect the precipitated protein in western blot.
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Immunoprecipitation-Western Blot (IP-WB) Immunoprecipitation of PTPN2 transfected lysate using rabbit polyclonal anti-PTPN2 and Protein A Magnetic Bead (<u>U0007</u>), and immunoblotted with mouse purified polyclonal anti-PTPN2.
Supplied Product	Antibody pair set content: 1. Antibody pair for IP: rabbit polyclonal anti-PTPN2 (300 ul) 2. Antibody pair for WB: mouse purified polyclonal anti-PTPN2 (50 ug)
Storage Instruction	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze tha w cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

Immunoprecipitation-Western Blot

Protocol Download

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Product Information

Gene Info — PTPN2

Entrez GenelD	<u>5771</u>
Gene Name	PTPN2
Gene Alias	PTPT, TC-PTP, TCELLPTP, TCPTP
Gene Description	protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 2
Omim ID	176887
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. Members of the PTP family share a highly conserved catalytic motif, which is essential for the cata lytic activity. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processe s including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. Epidermal gro wth factor receptor and the adaptor protein Shc were reported to be substrates of this PTP, which suggested the roles in growth factor mediated cell signaling. Three alternatively spliced variants of this gene, which encode isoforms differing at their extreme C-termini, have been described. The d ifferent C-termini are thought to determine the substrate specificity, as well as the cellular localizati on of the isoforms. Two highly related but distinctly processed pseudogenes that localize to distin ct chromosomes have been reported. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	T-cell protein tyrosine phosphatase

Disease

- Addison Disease
- Arthritis
- <u>Autoimmune Diseases</u>
- <u>Carcinoma</u>
- <u>Celiac Disease</u>
- <u>Colitis</u>
- Crohn Disease
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Progression
- Disease Susceptibility

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Product Information

- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Ileal Diseases
- Inflammatory Bowel Diseases
- Lupus Erythematosus
- Prostatic Neoplasms
- <u>Rectal Fistula</u>
- <u>Tobacco Use Disorder</u>