PSME2 polyclonal antibody (A01)

Catalog # H00005721-A01 Size 50 uL

Applications



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (52.4 KDa) .

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length recombinant PSME2.
Immunogen	PSME2 (AAH19885, 1 a.a. ~ 239 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag.
Sequence	MAKPCGVRLSGEARKQVEVFRQNLFQEAEEFLYRFLPQKIYLNQLLQEDSLNVADLTSLRAPLDI PIPDPPPKDDEMETDKQEKKEVPKCGFLPGNEKVLSLLALVKPEVWTLKEKCILVITWIQHLIPKIE DGNDFGVAIQEKVLERVNAVKTKVEAFQTTISKYFSERGDAVAKASKETHVMDYRALVHERDEAA YGELRAMVLDLRAFYAELYHIISSNLEKIVNPKGEEKPSMY
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (52.4 KDa).
Storage Buffer	50 % glycerol
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

🗑 Abnova

Protocol Download

• Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

• ELISA

Gene Info — PSME2 **Entrez GenelD** <u>5721</u> GeneBank Accession# BC019885 Protein Accession# AAH19885 Gene Name PSME2 **Gene Alias** PA28B, PA28beta, REGbeta **Gene Description** proteasome (prosome, macropain) activator subunit 2 (PA28 beta) **Omim ID** 602161 **Gene Ontology Hyperlink Gene Summary** The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure compo sed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes ar e distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ub iquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified protea some, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class IMHC peptides. The immunoproteaso me contains an alternate regulator, referred to as the 11S regulator or PA28, that replaces the 19 S regulator. Three subunits (alpha, beta and gamma) of the 11S regulator have been identified. T his gene encodes the beta subunit of the 11S regulator, one of the two 11S subunits that is induce d by gamma-interferon. Three beta and three alpha subunits combine to form a heterohexameric r ing. Six pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 4, 5, 8, 10 and 13. [provided by Ref Seq **Other Designations** 11S regulator complex beta subunit MCP activator, 31-kD subunit activator of multicatalytic protea

Pathway

Antigen processing and presentation

r hPA28 subunit betalproteasome activator subunit 2

se subunit 2|cell migration-inducing protein 22|proteasome activator 28-beta|proteasome activato



• Proteasome

Disease

- Disease Progression
- Disease Susceptibility
- HIV Infections