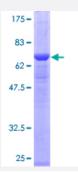


Full-Length

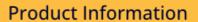
PSMC6 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00005706-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human PSMC6 full-length ORF (AAH05390, 1 a.a 389 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MADPRDKALQDYRKKLLEHEEIDGRLKELREQLKELTKQYEKSENDLKALQSVGQIVGEVLKQLT EEKFIVKATNGPRYVVGCRRQLDKSKLKPGTRVALDMTTLTIMRYLPREVDPLVYNMSHEDPGNV SYSEIGGLSEQIRELREVIELPLTNPELFQRVGIIPPKGCLLYGPPGTGKTLLARAVASQLDCNFLKV VSSSIVDKYIGESARLIREMFNYARDHQPCIIFMGEIDAIGGRRFSEGTSADREIQRTLMELLNQMDG FDTLHRVKMIMATNRPDTLDPALLRPGRLDRKIHIDLPNEQARLDILKIHAGPITKHGEIDYEAIVKLS DGFNGADLRNVCTEAGMFAIRADHDFVVQEDFMKAVRKVADSKKLESKLDYKPV
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	68.31
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.





Note

Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — PSMC6	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5706</u>
GeneBank Accession#	BC005390
Protein Accession#	AAH05390
Gene Name	PSMC6
Gene Alias	CADP44, MGC12520, P44, SUG2, p42
Gene Description	proteasome (prosome, macropain) 26S subunit, ATPase, 6
Omim ID	602708
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes ar e distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ub iquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified protea some, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes on e of the ATPase subunits, a member of the triple-A family of ATPases which have a chaperone-lik e activity. Pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 8 and 12. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	26S protease regulatory subunit S10B conserved ATPase domain protein 44 proteasome 26S A TPase subunit 6 proteasome subunit p42



Pathway

• Proteasome