

PPARA rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00005465-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PPARA peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PPARA is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PPARA peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — PPARA

Entrez GeneID	5465
GeneBank Accession#	PPARA
Gene Name	PPARA
Gene Alias	MGC2237, MGC2452, NR1C1, PPAR, hPPAR
Gene Description	peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor alpha
Omim ID	170998
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Peroxisome proliferators include hypolipidemic drugs, herbicides, leukotriene antagonists, and plasticizers; this term arises because they induce an increase in the size and number of peroxisomes. Peroxisomes are subcellular organelles found in plants and animals that contain enzymes for respiration and for cholesterol and lipid metabolism. The action of peroxisome proliferators is thought to be mediated via specific receptors, called PPARs, which belong to the steroid hormone receptor superfamily. PPARs affect the expression of target genes involved in cell proliferation, cell differentiation and in immune and inflammation responses. Three closely related subtypes (alpha, beta/delta, and gamma) have been identified. This gene encodes the subtype PPAR-alpha, which is a nuclear transcription factor. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene, although the full-length nature of only two has been determined. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000028713 OTTHUMP00000042872 peroxisome proliferative activated receptor, alpha peroxisome proliferator activated receptor alpha

Pathway

- [Adipocytokine signaling pathway](#)
- [PPAR signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)

- [Arterial Occlusive Diseases](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Body Weight](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Coronary Stenosis](#)
- [Dementia](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Drug Toxicity](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophagitis](#)

- [Fatty Liver](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Glucose Metabolism Disorders](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperglycemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemia](#)
- [Hyperlipidemias](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertriglyceridemia](#)
- [Hypertrophy](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
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- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Psoriasis](#)
- [Psychomotor Performance](#)
- [Radiation Injuries](#)
- [Radiation Pneumonitis](#)
- [Syndrome](#)
- [Task Performance and Analysis](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Ventricular Dysfunction](#)