

DNAxPAb



FXYD1 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00005348-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a partial-length human FXYD1 DNA using DNAx™ Immun e technology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Extracellular membrane domain (ECD) human DNA
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)
 <u>Protocol Download</u>
- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)

Gene Info — FXYD1

🖗 Abnova

Product Information

Entrez GenelD	<u>5348</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_005031.3</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_005022.2</u>
Gene Name	FXYD1
Gene Alias	MGC44983, PLM
Gene Description	FXYD domain containing ion transport regulator 1
Omim ID	<u>602359</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of a family of small membrane proteins that share a 35-amino acid signature sequence domain, beginning with the sequence PFXYD and containing 7 invariant and 6 highly conserved amino acids. The approved human gene nomenclature for the family is FXYD-domain containing ion transport regulator. Mouse FXYD5 has been termed RIC (Related to lon C
	hannel). FXYD2, also known as the gamma subunit of the Na,K-ATPase, regulates the properties of that enzyme. FXYD1 (phospholemman), FXYD2 (gamma), FXYD3 (MAT-8), FXYD4 (CHIF), an d FXYD5 (RIC) have been shown to induce channel activity in experimental expression systems. T ransmembrane topology has been established for two family members (FXYD1 and FXYD2), with the N-terminus extracellular and the C-terminus on the cytoplasmic side of the membrane. The pro tein encoded by this gene is a plasma membrane substrate for several kinases, including protein kinase A, protein kinase C, NIMA kinase, and myotonic dystrophy kinase. It is thought to form an i on channel or regulate ion channel activity. Transcript variants with different 5' UTR sequences hav e been described in the literature. [provided by RefSeq