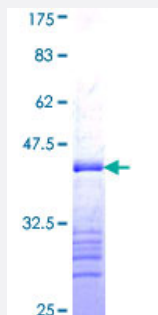


PGR (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00005241-Q01

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human PGR partial ORF (NP_000917, 1 a.a. - 110 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MTELKAKGPRAPHVAGGPPSPEVGSPLLCRPAAGPFPGSQTSDLPEVSAIPISLDGLLFPRPCQ GQDPSDEKTQDQQSLSDVEGAYSRAEATRGAGGSSSSPPEKDSGL
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	37.84
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (62); Rat (60)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — PGR

Entrez GeneID [5241](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_000926](#)

Protein Accession# [NP_000917](#)

Gene Name PGR

Gene Alias NR3C3, PR

Gene Description progesterone receptor

Omim ID [607311](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene encodes a member of the steroid receptor superfamily. The encoded protein mediates the physiological effects of progesterone, which plays a central role in reproductive events associated with the establishment and maintenance of pregnancy. This gene uses two distinct promoters and translation start sites in the first exon to produce two isoforms, A and B. The two isoforms are identical except for the additional 165 amino acids found in the N-terminus of isoform A only, and mediate their own response genes and physiologic effects with little overlap. The location of transcription initiation for isoform B has not been clearly determined. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations -

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)

- [Adhesions](#)
- [Aortic Aneurysm](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Endometrial Neoplasms](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Gender Identity](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hyperprolactinemia](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Infection](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Leiomyoma](#)

- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Cysts](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Panic Disorder](#)
- [Peritoneal Diseases](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Proteinuria](#)
- [Psychiatric Status Rating Scales](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)

- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Diseases](#)
- [Uterine Neoplasms](#)
- [Vertigo](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)