PEX12 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00005193-K

Specification

Size 100 ug x up to 3

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Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PEX12 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PEX12 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PEX12 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — PEX12	
Entrez GenelD	<u>5193</u>
GeneBank Accession#	PEX12
Gene Name	PEX12
Gene Alias	PAF-3
Gene Description	peroxisomal biogenesis factor 12
Omim ID	<u>601758</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene belongs to the peroxin-12 family. Peroxins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for th e assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defe cts in peroxisome function. The peroxisomal biogenesis disorders are a heterogeneous group wit h at least 14 complementation groups and with more than 1 phenotype being observed in cases f alling into particular complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal m atrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause of Zellweger syndrome (ZWS). [provided by RefSeq