

## ORC1L (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00004998-Q01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

## Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human ORC1L partial ORF ( AAH11539, 1 a.a 110 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-te rminal.
Sequence	MAHYPTRLKTRKTYSWVGRPLLDRKLHYQTYREMCVKTEGCSTEIHIQIGQFVLIEGDDDENPYVA KLLELFEDDSDPPPKKRARVQWFVRFCEVPACKRHLLGRKPGAQ
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	37.73
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (64); Rat (68)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.



## Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — ORC1L	
Entrez GenelD	<u>4998</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>BC011539</u>
Protein Accession#	AAH11539
Gene Name	ORC1L
Gene Alias	HSORC1, ORC1, PARC1
Gene Description	origin recognition complex, subunit 1-like (yeast)
Omim ID	<u>601902</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The origin recognition complex (ORC) is a highly conserved six subunits protein complex essential I for the initiation of the DNA replication in eukaryotic cells. Studies in yeast demonstrated that OR C binds specifically to origins of replication and serves as a platform for the assembly of addition al initiation factors such as Cdc6 and Mcm proteins. The protein encoded by this gene is the large st subunit of the ORC complex. While other ORC subunits are stable throughout the cell cycle, the I evels of this protein vary during the cell cycle, which has been shown to be controlled by ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis after initiation of DNA replication. This protein is found to be selectively pho sphorylated during mitosis. It is also reported to interact with MYST histone acetyltransferase 2 (M yST2/HBO1), a protein involved in control of transcription silencing. [provided by RefSeq



• <u>Cell cycle</u>