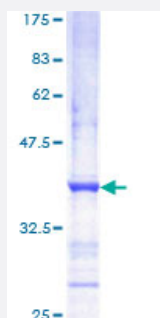


MET (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00004233-Q01

Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification

Product Description	Human MET partial ORF (NM_000245, 26 a.a. - 125 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	CKEALAKSEMNVNMKYQLPNFTAETPIQNVILHEHHIFLGATNYYVLNEEDLQKVAEYKTGPVLEHPDCFPCQDCSSKANLSGGVWKDNINMALVVDY
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	36.63
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (88); Rat (88)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — MET

Entrez GeneID [4233](#)

GeneBank Accession# [NM_000245](#)

Protein Accession# [NM_000245](#)

Gene Name MET

Gene Alias AUTS9, HGFR, RCCP2, c-Met

Gene Description met proto-oncogene (hepatocyte growth factor receptor)

Omim ID [114550](#) [164860](#) [605074](#) [611015](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary The proto-oncogene MET product is the hepatocyte growth factor receptor and encodes tyrosine-kinase activity. The primary single chain precursor protein is post-translationally cleaved to produce the alpha and beta subunits, which are disulfide linked to form the mature receptor. Various mutations in the MET gene are associated with papillary renal carcinoma. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations HGF receptor|OTTHUMP00000069168|SF receptor|met proto-oncogene|met proto-oncogene tyrosine kinase|oncogene MET|scatter factor receptor

Pathway

- [Adherens junction](#)
- [Axon guidance](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)

- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Endocytosis](#)
- [Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Autistic Disorder](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cell Transformation](#)
- [Child Development Disorders](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Gastrointestinal Diseases](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Hyperparathyroidism](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Myopia](#)
- [Nasal Polyps](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)

- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Refractive Errors](#)
- [Rhinitis](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Sinusitis](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)