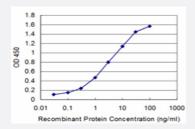


MDH2 monoclonal antibody (M02), clone 2D9

Catalog # H00004191-M02 Size 100 ug

Applications



Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged MDH2 is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant MDH2.
MDH2 (NP_005909, 134 a.a. \sim 246 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
EAMICVIANPVNSTIPITAEVFKKHGVYNPNKIFGVTTLDIVRANTFVAELKGLDPARVNVPVIGGHA GKTIIPLISQCTPKVDFPQDQLTALTGRIQEAGTEVVKAKAGAGS
Mouse
Human
Mouse (96); Rat (96)
lgG2b Kappa
Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein.
In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



Applications

Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged MDH2 is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

Protocol Download

ELISA

Gene Info — MDH2	
Entrez GenelD	4191
GeneBank Accession#	NM_005918
Protein Accession#	NP_005909
Gene Name	MDH2
Gene Alias	M-MDH, MDH, MGC:3559, MOR1
Gene Description	malate dehydrogenase 2, NAD (mitochondrial)
Omim ID	<u>154100</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Malate dehydrogenase catalyzes the reversible oxidation of malate to oxaloacetate, utilizing the N AD/NADH cofactor system in the citric acid cycle. The protein encoded by this gene is localized t o the mitochondria and may play pivotal roles in the malate-aspartate shuttle that operates in the metabolic coordination between cytosol and mitochondria. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	mitochondrial malate dehydrogenase

Pathway

- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway
- Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide



- Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids
- Biosynthesis of plant hormones
- Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids
- Carbon fixation in photosynthetic organisms
- Citrate cycle (TCA cycle)
- Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism
- Metabolic pathways
- Pyruvate metabolism
- Reductive carboxylate cycle (CO2 fixation)

Disease

• Tobacco Use Disorder