

MCM4 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00004173-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human MCM4 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human MCM4 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human MCM4 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — MCM4

Entrez GeneID	4173
GeneBank Accession#	MCM4
Gene Name	MCM4
Gene Alias	CDC21, CDC54, MGC33310, P1-CDC21, hCdc21
Gene Description	minichromosome maintenance complex component 4
Omim ID	602638
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is one of the highly conserved mini-chromosome maintenance proteins (MCM) that are essential for the initiation of eukaryotic genome replication. The hexameric protein complex formed by MCM proteins is a key component of the pre-replication complex (pre-RC) and may be involved in the formation of replication forks and in the recruitment of other DNA replication related proteins. The MCM complex consisting of this protein and MCM2, 6 and 7 proteins possesses DNA helicase activity, and may act as a DNA unwinding enzyme. The phosphorylation of this protein by CDC2 kinase reduces the DNA helicase activity and chromatin binding of the MCM complex. This gene is mapped to a region on the chromosome 8 head-to-head next to the PRKDC/DNA-PK, a DNA-activated protein kinase involved in the repair of DNA double-strand breaks. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been reported. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	DNA replication licensing factor MCM4 MCM4 minichromosome maintenance deficient 4 homolog of S. pombe cell division cycle 21 minichromosome maintenance deficient 4

Pathway

- [Cell cycle](#)
- [DNA replication](#)

Disease

- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)

- [Occupational Diseases](#)