

DNAxPAb



## LAMA4 DNAxPab

Catalog # H00003910-W01P Size 200 ug

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human LAMA4 DNA using DNAx™ Immune te chnology.
Technology	DNAx™ Immune
Immunogen	Full-length human DNA
Sequence	MALSSAWRSVLPLWLLWSAACSRAASGDDNAFPFDIEGSSAVGRQDPPETSEPRVALGRLPPA AEVQCPCHCHPAGAPAPPRAVPHSSFSLSPPLSSPQCLESFTWARSVRKLEIKSFPL
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

- Immunofluorescence (Transfected cell)
- Flow Cytometry (Transfected cell)



Gene Info — LAMA4	
Entrez GenelD	<u>3910</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>BC004241</u>
Protein Accession#	AAH04241.1
Gene Name	LAMA4
Gene Alias	DKFZp686D23145, LAMA3, LAMA4*-1
Gene Description	laminin, alpha 4
Omim ID	<u>600133</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes inc luding cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Lamin ins are composed of 3 non identical chains: laminin alpha, beta and gamma (formerly A, B1, and B2, respectively) and they form a cruciform structure consisting of 3 short arms, each formed by a different chain, and a long arm composed of all 3 chains. Each laminin chain is a multidomain prot ein encoded by a distinct gene. Several isoforms of each chain have been described. Different al pha, beta and gamma chain isomers combine to give rise to different heterotrimeric laminin isofor ms which are designated by Arabic numerals in the order of their discovery, i.e. alpha1beta1gam ma1 heterotrimer is laminin 1. The biological functions of the different chains and trimer molecules are largely unknown, but some of the chains have been shown to differ with respect to their tissue distribution, presumably reflecting diverse functions in vivo. This gene encodes the alpha chain is oform laminin, alpha 4. The domain structure of alpha 4 is similar to that of alpha 3, both of which r esemble truncated versions of alpha 1 and alpha 2, in that approximately 1,200 residues at the N-terminus (domains IV, V and VI) have been lost. Laminin, alpha 4 contains the C-terminal G doma in which distinguishes all alpha chains from the beta and gamma chains. The RNA analysis from a dult and fetal tissues revealed developmental regulation of expression, however, the exact function n of laminin, alpha 4 is not known. Tissue-specific utilization of alternative polyA-signal has been d escribed in literature. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct is oforms. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000017039 OTTHUMP00000017043 laminin alpha 4 chain

## Pathway

- ECM-receptor interaction
- Focal adhesion



- Pathways in cancer
- Small cell lung cancer

## Disease

- Cleft Lip
- <u>Cleft Palate</u>
- <u>Coronary Artery Disease</u>
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- <u>Tooth Abnormalities</u>