

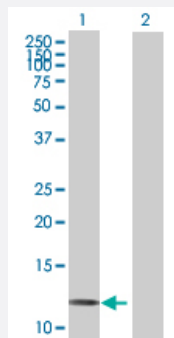
MaxPab®

LAMA4 MaxPab mouse polyclonal antibody (B02)

Catalog # H00003910-B02

Size 50 uL

Applications



Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western Blot analysis of LAMA4 expression in transfected 293T cell line ([H00003910-T02](#)) by LAMA4 MaxPab polyclonal antibody.

Lane 1: LAMA4 transfected lysate(13.2 KDa).

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification

Product Description	Mouse polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human LAMA4 protein.
Immunogen	LAMA4 (AAH04241.1, 1 a.a. ~ 120 a.a) full-length human protein.
Sequence	MALSSAWRSVLPLWLLWSAACSRAASGDDNAFPFDIEGSSAVGRQDPPETSEPRVALGRLPPA AEVQCPCHCHPAGAPAPPRVPHSSFSLSPPLSSPQCLESFTWARSVRKLEIKSFPL
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	No additive
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Note	For IHC and IF applications, antibody purification with Protein A will be needed prior to use.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western Blot analysis of LAMA4 expression in transfected 293T cell line ([H00003910-T02](#)) by LAMA4 MaxPab polyclonal antibody.

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Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

[Protocol Download](#)

Gene Info — LAMA4

Entrez GeneID	3910
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GeneBank Accession#	BC004241.1
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Protein Accession#	AAH04241.1
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Gene Name	LAMA4
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Gene Alias	DKFZp686D23145, LAMA3, LAMA4*-1
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Gene Description	laminin, alpha 4
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Omim ID	600133
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Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
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Gene Summary

Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Laminins are composed of 3 non identical chains: laminin alpha, beta and gamma (formerly A, B1, and B2, respectively) and they form a cruciform structure consisting of 3 short arms, each formed by a different chain, and a long arm composed of all 3 chains. Each laminin chain is a multidomain protein encoded by a distinct gene. Several isoforms of each chain have been described. Different alpha, beta and gamma chain isomers combine to give rise to different heterotrimeric laminin isoforms which are designated by Arabic numerals in the order of their discovery, i.e. alpha1beta1gamma1 heterotrimer is laminin 1. The biological functions of the different chains and trimer molecules are largely unknown, but some of the chains have been shown to differ with respect to their tissue distribution, presumably reflecting diverse functions in vivo. This gene encodes the alpha chain isoform laminin, alpha 4. The domain structure of alpha 4 is similar to that of alpha 3, both of which resemble truncated versions of alpha 1 and alpha 2, in that approximately 1,200 residues at the N-terminus (domains IV, V and VI) have been lost. Laminin, alpha 4 contains the C-terminal G domain which distinguishes all alpha chains from the beta and gamma chains. The RNA analysis from adult and fetal tissues revealed developmental regulation of expression, however, the exact function of laminin, alpha 4 is not known. Tissue-specific utilization of alternative polyA-signal has been described in literature. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

OTTHUMP00000017039|OTTHUMP00000017043|laminin alpha 4 chain

Pathway

- [ECM-receptor interaction](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)

Disease

- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Tooth Abnormalities](#)