

KCNJ5 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 8D2

Catalog # H00003762-M01 Size 100 ug

Applications



Western Blot (Cell lysate)

KCNJ5 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 8D2. Western Blot analysis of KCNJ5 expression in K-562.



Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)

Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged KCNJ5 is 0.03 ng/ml as a capture antibody.



Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).

Specification

Product Description

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a partial recombinant KCNJ5.

😚 Abnova	Product Information
Immunogen	KCNJ5 (NP_000881.3, 321 a.a. ~ 419 a.a) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GS T tag alone is 26 KDa.
Sequence	SYMDTEVLWGHRFTPVLTLEKGFYEVDYNTFHDTYETNTPSCCAKELAEMKREGRLLQYLPSPPL LGGCAEAGLDAEAEQNEEDEPKGLGGSREARGSV
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (87); Rat (85)
lsotype	lgG2a Kappa
Quality Control Testing	Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (36.63 KDa).
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot (Cell lysate)
 KCNJ5 monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 8D2. Western Blot analysis of KCNJ5 expression in K-562.
 <u>Protocol Download</u>
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)

Protocol Download

- Sandwich ELISA (Recombinant protein)
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 <u>Protocol Download</u>
- ELISA

Gene Info — KCNJ5	
Entrez GenelD	3762



Product Information

GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_000890</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_000881.3</u>
Gene Name	KCNJ5
Gene Alias	CIR, GIRK4, KATP1, KIR3.4
Gene Description	potassium inwardly-rectifying channel, subfamily J, member 5
Omim ID	<u>600734</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which has a greater tendency to all
	ow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell, is controlled by G-proteins. It may associa te with two other G-protein-activated potassium channels to form a heteromultimeric pore-forming complex. [provided by RefSeq

Disease

- Atrial Fibrillation
- Sick Sinus Syndrome