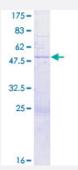


Full-Length

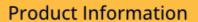
IGLL1 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00003543-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human IGLL1 full-length ORF (NP_064455.1, 1 a.a 213 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MRPGTGQGGLEAPGEPGPNLRQRWPLLLLGLAVVTHGLLRPTAASQSRALGPGAPGGSSRSSL RSRWGRFLLQRGSWTGPRCWPRGFQSKHNSVTHVFGSGTQLTVLSQPKATPSVTLFPPSSEEL QANKATLVCLMNDFYPGILTVTWKADGTPITQGVEMTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWRSRRS YSCQVMHEGSTVEKTVAPAECS
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	49.4
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (59); Rat (61)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.





Note

Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — IGLL1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>3543</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_020070.2
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_064455.1</u>
Gene Name	IGLL1
Gene Alias	14.1, CD179b, IGL1, IGL5, IGLJ14.1, IGLL, IGO, IGVPB, VPREB2
Gene Description	immunoglobulin lambda-like polypeptide 1
Omim ID	<u>146770</u> <u>601495</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The preB cell receptor is found on the surface of proB and preB cells, where it is involved in trans duction of signals for cellular proliferation, differentiation from the proB cell to the preB cell stage, allelic exclusion at the lg heavy chain gene locus, and promotion of lg light chain gene rearrangem ents. The preB cell receptor is composed of a membrane-bound lg mu heavy chain in association with a heterodimeric surrogate light chain. This gene encodes one of the surrogate light chain sub units and is a member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily. This gene does not undergo rearr angement. Mutations in this gene can result in B cell deficiency and agammaglobulinemia, an aut osomal recessive disease in which few or no gamma globulins or antibodies are made. Two tran script variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	CD179b antigen Pre-B lymphocyte-specific protein-2 immunoglobulin omega polypeptide chain immunoglobulin-related 14.1 protein lambda5



Pathway

• Primary immunodeficiency