

IGF1R rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00003480-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human IGF1R peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human IGF1R is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human IGF1R peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — IGF1R

Entrez GeneID	3480
GeneBank Accession#	IGF1R
Gene Name	IGF1R
Gene Alias	CD221, IGFIR, JTK13, MGC142170, MGC142172, MGC18216
Gene Description	insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor
Omim ID	147370
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor with a high affinity. It has tyrosine kinase activity. The insulin-like growth factor I receptor plays a critical role in transformation events. Cleavage of the precursor generates alpha and beta subunits. It is highly overexpressed in most malignant tissues where it functions as an anti-apoptotic agent by enhancing cell survival. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	soluble IGF1R variant 1 soluble IGF1R variant 2

Pathway

- [Adherens junction](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Endocytosis](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Long-term depression](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adenoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anemia](#)
- [Aneuploidy](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Bacteremia](#)
- [Barrett Esophagus](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Body Weight](#)
- [Bone Diseases](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Brain Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Colonic Polyps](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Dementia](#)

- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophagitis](#)
- [Fetal Growth Retardation](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Gastroesophageal Reflux](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glucose Intolerance](#)
- [Growth Disorders](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Hyperplasia](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Intracranial Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Metaplasia](#)
- [Microsatellite Instability](#)
- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)

- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Retinopathy of Prematurity](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Spinal Diseases](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Testicular Neoplasms](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)