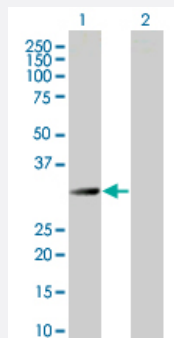


HMOX1 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

Catalog # H00003162-T01

Size 100 uL

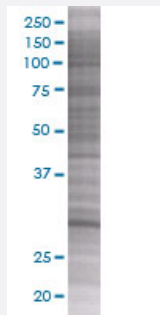
Applications



Western Blot

Lane 1: HMOX1 transfected lysate (32.8 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



SDS-PAGE Gel

HMOX1 transfected lysate.

Specification

Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-HMOX1 full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	31.79
Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-HMOX1 antibody (H00003162-B01) by Western Blots. Western Blot Lane 1: HMOX1 transfected lysate (32.8 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate. SDS-PAGE Gel HMOX1 transfected lysate.

Storage Buffer

1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bromophenol blue)

Storage Instruction

Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot

Gene Info — HMOX1

Entrez GeneID[3162](#)**GeneBank Accession#**[NM_002133](#)**Protein Accession#**[NP_002124](#)**Gene Name**

HMOX1

Gene Alias

HO-1, HSP32, bK286B10

Gene Description

heme oxygenase (decycling) 1

Omim ID[141250](#)**Gene Ontology**[Hyperlink](#)**Gene Summary**

Heme oxygenase, an essential enzyme in heme catabolism, cleaves heme to form biliverdin, which is subsequently converted to bilirubin by biliverdin reductase, and carbon monoxide, a putative neurotransmitter. Heme oxygenase activity is induced by its substrate heme and by various nonheme substances. Heme oxygenase occurs as 2 isozymes, an inducible heme oxygenase-1 and a constitutive heme oxygenase-2. HMOX1 and HMOX2 belong to the heme oxygenase family. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

OTTHUMP00000028925|heme oxygenase (decyclizing) 1

Pathway

- [Porphyrin and chlorophyll metabolism](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Airway Remodeling](#)
- [alpha 1-Antitrypsin Deficiency](#)
- [Alpha-1-antitrypsin deficiency](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Aortic Aneurysm](#)
- [Arterial Occlusive Diseases](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Brain Diseases](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Cadaver](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Colitis](#)
- [Constriction](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)

- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Delayed Graft Function](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Hemochromatosis](#)
- [Hereditary hemochromatosis](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammatory Bowel Diseases](#)
- [Intracranial Aneurysm](#)
- [Iron Metabolism Disorders](#)
- [Jaundice](#)
- [Kidney Diseases](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)

- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Lung Diseases](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Malaria](#)
- [Malignant melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Microsatellite Instability](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Pneumonia](#)
- [Polycystic kidney disease](#)
- [Polycystic Kidney Diseases](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Pulmonary Emphysema](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Renal Insufficiency](#)

- [Respiratory Distress Syndrome](#)
- [Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)