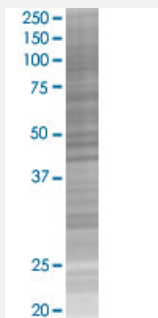


CFH 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

Catalog # H00003075-T02

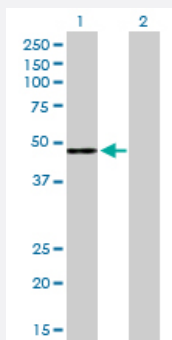
Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

CFH transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: CFH transfected lysate (51.00 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification

Transfected Cell Line 293T

Plasmid pCMV-CFH full-length

Host Human

Theoretical MW (kDa) 51

Quality Control Testing Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-CFH antibody ([H00003075-D01P](#)) by Western Blots.
 SDS-PAGE Gel
 CFH transfected lysate.
 Western Blot
 Lane 1: CFH transfected lysate (51.00 KDa)
 Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bromophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot

Gene Info — CFH

Entrez GeneID	3075
GeneBank Accession#	NM_001014975.1
Protein Accession#	NP_001014975.1
Gene Name	CFH
Gene Alias	ARMD4, ARMS1, CFHL3, FH, FHL1, HF, HF1, HF2, HUS, MGC88246
Gene Description	complement factor H
Omim ID	134370 235400 609814 610698
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene is a member of the Regulator of Complement Activation (RCA) gene cluster and encodes a protein with twenty short consensus repeat (SCR) domains. This protein is secreted into the bloodstream and has an essential role in the regulation of complement activation, restricting this innate defense mechanism to microbial infections. Mutations in this gene have been associated with hemolytic-uremic syndrome (HUS) and chronic hypocomplementemic nephropathy. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	H factor 1 (complement) H factor 2 (complement) OTTHUMP00000033598 age-related maculopathy susceptibility 1 beta-1-H-globulin beta-1H complement factor H, isoform b factor H factor H-like 1

Pathway

- [Complement and coagulation cascades](#)

Disease

- [Alport syndrome](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Ataxia telangiectasia](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Atrophy](#)
- [Blindness](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Carotid Artery Diseases](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Chlamydia Infections](#)
- [Chlamydophila Infections](#)
- [Choroid Diseases](#)
- [Choroidal Neovascularization](#)
- [Choroiditis](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Retinopathy](#)

- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Functional Laterality](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Geographic Atrophy](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Hemolytic-Uremic Syndrome](#)
- [Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Immune System Diseases](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammatory Bowel Diseases](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Macular Degeneration](#)
- [Meningococcal Infections](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Nephritis](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Peripheral Vascular Diseases](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)

- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pseudoxanthoma Elasticum](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Purpura](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Retinal Degeneration](#)
- [Retinal Diseases](#)
- [Retinal Drusen](#)
- [Retinal Neovascularization](#)
- [Retinopathy of Prematurity](#)
- [Spinocerebellar ataxia](#)
- [Staphylococcal Infections](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome](#)
- [Taste](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Venous Thrombosis](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)
- [Wet Macular Degeneration](#)