

GPI rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002821-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human GPI peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human GPI is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human GPI peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering including F(ab) ₂ , IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

[Protocol Download](#)

- ELISA

Gene Info — GPI

Entrez GeneID	2821
GeneBank Accession#	GPI
Gene Name	GPI
Gene Alias	AMF, GNPI, NLK, PGI, PHI, SA-36
Gene Description	glucose phosphate isomerase
Omim ID	172400
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	<p>This gene belongs to the GPI family whose members encode multifunctional phosphoglucose isomerase proteins involved in energy pathways. The protein encoded by this gene is a dimeric enzyme that catalyzes the reversible isomerization of glucose-6-phosphate and fructose-6-phosphate. The protein functions in different capacities inside and outside the cell. In the cytoplasm, the gene product is involved in glycolysis and gluconeogenesis, while outside the cell it functions as a neurotrophic factor for spinal and sensory neurons. Defects in this gene are the cause of nonspherocytic hemolytic anemia and a severe enzyme deficiency can be associated with hydrops fetalis, immediate neonatal death and neurological impairment. [provided by RefSeq]</p>
Other Designations	autocrine motility factor glucose-6-phosphate isomerase hexose monophosphate isomerase hexosephosphate isomerase neuroleukin oxoisomerase phosphoglucose isomerase phosphohexomutase phosphohexose isomerase phosphosaccharomutase sperm antigen-36

Pathway

- [Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from histidine and purine](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from ornithine](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from shikimate pathway](#)
- [Biosynthesis of alkaloids derived from terpenoid and polyketide](#)
- [Biosynthesis of phenylpropanoids](#)
- [Biosynthesis of plant hormones](#)

- [Biosynthesis of terpenoids and steroids](#)
- [Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis](#)
- [Metabolic pathways](#)
- [Pentose phosphate pathway](#)
- [Starch and sucrose metabolism](#)