

GDNF rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002668-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human GDNF peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human GDNF is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human GDNF peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by We stern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — GDNF	
Entrez GenelD	2668
GeneBank Accession#	<u>GDNF</u>
Gene Name	GDNF
Gene Alias	ATF1, ATF2, HFB1-GDNF
Gene Description	glial cell derived neurotrophic factor
Omim ID	<u>142623 171300 209880 600837</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a highly conserved neurotrophic factor. The recombinant form of this protein w as shown to promote the survival and differentiation of dopaminergic neurons in culture, and was able to prevent apoptosis of motor neurons induced by axotomy. The encoded protein is process ed to a mature secreted form that exists as a homodimer. The mature form of the protein is a liga nd for the product of the RET (rearranged during transfection) protooncogene. In addition to the transcript encoding GDNF, two additional alternative transcripts encoding distinct proteins, referred to as astrocyte-derived trophic factors, have also been described. Mutations in this gene may be associated with Hirschsprung disease. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	astrocyte-derived trophic factor glial cell line derived neurotrophic factor glial derived neurotrophic factor

Disease

- Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity
- Celiac Disease
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Hirschsprung Disease
- Hydronephrosis
- Malignant melanoma
- Melanoma
- Mental Disorders



- Narcolepsy
- Neoplasm Invasiveness
- Schizophrenia
- Skin Neoplasms
- Sleep Apnea
- Tourette Syndrome
- Vesico-Ureteral Reflux