FANCF rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002188-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification **Product Description** Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human FANCF peptide using ARM Technology. Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human FANCF is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. Host Rabbit Library Construction Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology). Expression Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. Reactivity Human **Purification** Protein A lsotype lgG **Quality Control Testing** Antibody reactive against human FANCF peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot. **Storage Buffer** In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 **Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Deliverable Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. Note 1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



• ELISA

Gene Info — FANCF	
Entrez GenelD	2188
GeneBank Accession#	FANCE
Gene Name	FANCF
Gene Alias	FAF, MGC126856
Gene Description	Fanconi anemia, complementation group F
Omim ID	<u>603467</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The Fanconi anemia complementation group (FANC) currently includes FANCA, FANCB, FANC C, FANCD1 (also called BRCA2), FANCD2, FANCE, FANCF, FANCG, FANCI, FANCJ (also called BRIP1), FANCL, FANCM and FANCN (also called PALB2). The previously defined group FA NCH is the same as FANCA. Fanconi anemia is a genetically heterogeneous recessive disorder characterized by cytogenetic instability, hypersensitivity to DNA crosslinking agents, increased ch romosomal breakage, and defective DNA repair. The members of the Fanconi anemia complem entation group do not share sequence similarity; they are related by their assembly into a commo n nuclear protein complex. This gene encodes the protein for complementation group F. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

Disease

- Adenocarcinoma
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Neoplasms
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Pancreatic Neoplasms