PTK2B rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002185-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human PTK2B peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human PTK2B is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human PTK2B peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — PTK2B	
Entrez GenelD	2185
GeneBank Accession#	PTK2B
Gene Name	PTK2B
Gene Alias	CADTK, CAKB, FADK2, FAK2, FRNK, PKB, PTK, PYK2, RAFTK
Gene Description	PTK2B protein tyrosine kinase 2 beta
Omim ID	<u>601212</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinase which is involved in calcium-induced reg ulation of ion channels and activation of the map kinase signaling pathway. The encoded protein may represent an important signaling intermediate between neuropeptide-activated receptors or neurotransmitters that increase calcium flux and the downstream signals that regulate neuronal act ivity. The encoded protein undergoes rapid tyrosine phosphorylation and activation in response to increases in the intracellular calcium concentration, nicotinic acetylcholine receptor activation, me mbrane depolarization, or protein kinase C activation. This protein has been shown to bind CRK-associated substrate, nephrocystin, GTPase regulator associated with FAK, and the SH2 domain of GRB2. The encoded protein is a member of the FAK subfamily of protein tyrosine kinases but I acks significant sequence similarity to kinases from other subfamilies. Four transcript variants en coding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	CAK beta OTTHUMP00000128275 OTTHUMP00000162913 calcium-dependent tyrosine kinase cell adhesion kinase beta focal adhesion kinase 2 proline-rich tyrosine kinase 2 protein kinase B protein tyrosine kinase 2 beta related adhesion focal tyrosine kinase

Pathway

- Calcium signaling pathway
- Chemokine signaling pathway
- GnRH signaling pathway
- Leukocyte transendothelial migration
- Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity

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Disease

- <u>Cardiovascular Diseases</u>
- <u>Cell Transformation</u>
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- HIV Infections
- Hypertension
- Insulin Resistance
- <u>Kidney Failure</u>
- Melanoma
- Skin Neoplasms
- Tobacco Use Disorder